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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/617,172	07/11/2003	Kwang-Kyu Kim	1293.1908	2995	
21171 759	90 10/20/2006		EXAM	INER	
STAAS & HA	LSEY LLP	LP CHEN, TIANJIE			
SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			2627 -		
			DATE MAILED: 10/20/200	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Ai	oplication No.	Applicant(s)	
		0/617,172	KIM ET AL.	
Office Action Summa	ry E	caminer	Art Unit	
	Tia	anjie Chen	2627	
The MAILING DATE of this con Period for Reply	nmunication appear	s on the cover sheet with t	ne correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM T - Extensions of time may be available under the prafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of th - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maxi - Failure to reply within the set or extended period Any reply received by the Office later than three rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.7	HE MAILING DATE ovisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) is communication. mum statutory period will apor reply will, by statute, causeonths after the mailing date	OF THIS COMMUNICAT In no event, however, may a reply longly and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS see the application to become ABAND	FION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·
Status				
 Responsive to communication This action is FINAL. Since this application is in conclosed in accordance with the 	2b)⊠ This act dition for allowance	ion is non-final. except for formal matters,	•	,
Disposition of Claims				
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4-7,9,10,14-17 and</u> 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4-7,9,10,14-17 and</u> 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to	_ is/are withdrawn f <u>20</u> is/are rejected. to.	rom consideration.		
Application Papers	. •			
9) The specification is objected to 10) The drawing(s) filed on i Applicant may not request that an Replacement drawing sheet(s) inc 11) The oath or declaration is object.	s/are: a) acceptery objection to the draw	ving(s) be held in abeyance. s required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a a a) All b) Some * c) None 1. Certified copies of the property of the property of the certified copies of the property of the certified copies of the certified copie	of: iority documents hat iority documents hat opies of the priority of rnational Bureau (P	ive been received. ive been received in Appli documents have been rec CT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage	
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Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Re 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Sumr Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:	ail Date nal Patent Application	

Non-Final Rejection (RCE)

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 08/24/2006 has been entered. Claims 1, 4-7, 9, 10, 14-17, and 20 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 14, 15, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Masayuki (JP 10-162464A).

Claim 1, Masayuki shows a disk clamp in Figs. 2-6 of a hard disk drive to affix a magnetic disk that stores data to a spindle motor of the hard disk drive (Fig. 1), the disk clamp including: a pressing portion formed along an outer circumference of the disk clamp at an edge portion, to press an upper surface of the disk in a vertical direction; a stress distribution portion formed inside the pressing portion and having a profile with a curved shape bulged upward to distribute stress applied to the disk; and a plurality of screw coupling holes into which screws 52 are inserted to be coupled to an upper end portion of the spindle motor and provided at a predetermined distance in

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a circumferential direction inside the stress distribution portion, wherein the press portion has a profile having a curved shape bulged downward, and a radius of the curved shape of the stress distribution portion is greater than or equal to a radius of the curved shape of the press portion (Figs. 2 and 4).

Claim 4, Masayuki further shows in Fig. 5 that the pressing portion is continuously formed at the stress distribution portion.

Claim 5, Masayuki further shows in Fig. 6 that the disk clamp has a same thickness throughout an entire portion of the disk clamp.

Claim 7, Masayuki further shows that the disk clamp is made of stainless steel (Column 5, lines 58-61), which is a metal material having a predetermined elasticity.

A "product by process" claim is directed to the product per se, no matter how actually made, see In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3 CCPC, 5/27/76); In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685 (CCPA 5/18/72); In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523 (CCPA, 4/26/73); In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324 (CCPA, 1/10/74); In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964 (CAFC, 11/21/85). The patentability of the final product in a "product by process" claim must be determined by the product itself and not the actual process and an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or not. Applicant's claim 7 is a product claim, the limitation "manufactured by press processing" is a process related limitation, which gains no weight in determining patentability.

Claim 9, as described above, Masayuki further shows a disk clamp of a hard disk drive as described above, the disk clamp including: a substantially wave-shaped edge portion to press an upper surface of a disk in a vertical direction and distribute stress applied to the disk; and an inner portion having a plurality of apertures

circumferentially arranged at predetermined distances inside the substantially wave-shaped edge portion, wherein an outer portion of the substantially wave-shaped edge portion is a pressing portion with a profile having a substantially curved shape with at least one bulge downward, an inner portion of the substantially wave-shaped edge portion is a stress distribution portion with a profile having a substantially curved shape with at least one bulge upward, and a radius of the substantially curved shape of the stress distribution portion is greater than or equal to a radius of the substantially curved shape of the pressing portion.

Claim 10, as described above, Masayuki further shows that the inner portion of the disk clamp is coupled by screws via the apertures to an upper end portion of a spindle motor of the hard disk drive.

Claim 14, as described above, Masayuki further shows that the pressing portion is continuously formed at the stress distribution portion.

Claim 15, as described above, Masayuki further shows that the disk clamp has a same thickness throughout an entire portion of the disk clamp.

Claim 17, as described above, Masayuki further shows that the disk clamp is made a metal material having a predetermined elasticity, and the limitation "manufacture by press processing" gains no weight in determining patentability.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having

ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 6 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Masayuki in view of Crosshatch et al (US 5,528,434).

Claims 6 and 16, Masayuki does not show the situation as the clamp is released from the spindle. Bronshvatch et al shows a clamp as it is released from the spindle in Fig. 6, which has a dome shape with a center portion bulged upward as a whole and, when the disk clamp is coupled to the spindle motor by the screws, the disk clamp is flattened as a whole (Fig. 7b, column 5, lines 44-49 and column 6, line 60-66). It is obvious at the time to one of ordinary skill in the art to expect that Masayuki's clamp also has such a dome shape bulge. The rationale is as follows: Bronshvatch et al teaches that the dome is necessary for clamping the disk and distributing the stress (Column 5, lines 44-49; and column 6 line 60 to column 7, line 4). One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to expect the same structure in Masayuki's clamp for clamping the disc and distributing stress.

4. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Masayuki in view of Bryan et al (US 5,801,901).

As described above, Masayuki shows a disk clamp of a hard disk drive to affix a magnetic disk to a spindle motor of the hard disk drive, including: a pressing portion formed along an outer circumference of the disk clamp at an edge portion, to press an upper surface of the disk in a vertical direction; a stress distribution portion formed inside the pressing portion and having a profile with a curved shape bulged upward to distribute stress applied to the disk; and a plurality of screw coupling holes into which screws are inserted to be coupled to an upper end portion of the spindle motor and

provided at a predetermined distance in a circumferential direction inside the stress distribution portion, wherein the pressing portion has a curved profile, but does not show a flat profile.

Bryan et al shows a clamp, which has two embodiments; one in Fig. 3 has curved profile and another one in Fig. 6 has flat profile.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to one of ordinary skill in the art to include the flat profile as an alterative. The rationale is as follows: Applicant has not attached any importance for switching from curved profile to flat profile and even not attach a drawing for the flat profile. The difference between the curved profile and flat profile is only a shape change. Bryan et al teaches the flat profile and curved profile are alternatives in embodiments. One of ordinary skill would have been motivated to include flat profile as an alternative.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 07/31/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the features recited above) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

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examiner should be directed to Tania Chen whose telephone number is 571-272-7570.

The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:30, Mon-Fri.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Hoa Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-7579. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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TIANJIE CHEN

PRIMARY EXAMINER